





China-Pak Economic Corridor projects span across the provinces and areas of Pakistan and the two sides have also made it clear that they will include the Central and Western lines of the Corridor in the long and midterm plans, and I believe this will help the comprehensive balance and steady growth of the corridor building.

President of the People's Republic of China.

China-Pak Economic Corridor will equally benefit all provinces and areas of Pakistan, and transform our country into regional hub and pivot for commerce and investment.

Prime Minister of Islamic Republic of Pakistan

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Company Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Mr. Wajahat A. Baqai Chairman

Mr. Muhammad Faisal Muzammil

Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Talha Saeed

Mr. Bilal Asghar

Mr. Asim Murtaza Khan

Mr. Rehmat Ali Hasnie

Mr. Ahsan Raza Durrani

Ms. Saira Ahmed

COMPANY SECRETARY & CFO

Syed Taneem Haider

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Asim Murtaza Khan

Chairman

Mr. Ahsan Raza Durrani

Mr. Bilal Asghar

Mr. Talha Saeed

HR & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Rehmat Ali Hasnie

Chairman

Mr. Bilal Asghar

Mr. Muhammad Faisal Muzammil

LEGAL ADVISOR

Mr. Barrister Babar S Imran

SHARES REGISTRAR

Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited

AUDITORS

KPMG Taseer Hadi & Co. Chartered Accountants, Lahore

BANKERS

JS Bank Limited Faysal Bank Limited

National Bank of Pakistan
Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited

Albaraka Bank Pakistan Limited
Dubai Islamic Bank Pakistan Limited

Summit Bank Limited

Silk Bank Limited

Allied Bank Limited

Bank Alfalah Limited

The Bank of Punjab

Bank Islami Pakistan Limited

Askari Bank Limited

Pak Libya Holding Company (Pvt.) Limited

Soneri Bank Limited

Citi Bank N.A.

Meezan Bank Limited

United Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited

MCB Bank

Registered Office

 $2nd\,Floor\,Asia\,Centre, 8-Babar\,Block,$

New Garden Town, Lahore

Ph: +92 (0) 42 35860341-44 Fax: +92 (0) 42 35860339-40

Project Locations

Unit I

Urea Plant

Iskanderabad, District Mianwali.

Ph: +92 (0) 459 392346-49

Unit II

GSSP Plant

Hattar Road, Haripur.

Ph: +92 (0) 995 616124-5

Directors' Review

The Board of Directors of Agritech Limited, henceforth called the Company, along with the Management Team are pleased to present the Company's Quarterly Report accompanied by the Un-Audited Financial Statements for the quarter ended March 31, 2017.

These financial statements have been endorsed by the Chief Executive Officer and one of the Directors in accordance with the Code of Corporate Governance, having been recommended for approval by the Audit Committee of the Board and approved by the Board of Directors for presentation.

Business Review

Principal Activities

The main business of the Company is the manufacturing and marketing of fertilizers. The Company owns and operates the country's one of the newest and most efficient urea manufacturing plant at Mianwali, Punjab Province. The Company also operates the manufacturing facility of GSSP (Granular Single Super Phosphate) at Haripur Hazara, Khyber Pakhtunkhwa (KPK) Province. The Company markets its fertilizers from these plants under one of the most trusted brand name "TARA" in the fertilizer industry.

Year in Review

Financial Results of Agritech Limited for the Quarter ending:

	Quarter ended March 31, 2017	Quarter ended March 31, 2016
Sales - Net	123,522,849	1,191,560,174
Operating Profit / (Loss)	(508,203,662)	(270,373,768)
Finance cost	(499,655,965)	(567,180,921)
Profit / (Loss) before Tax	(1,007,859,627)	(837,554,689)
Profit / (Loss) after Tax	(928,505,932)	(508,125,322)
Earning / (Loss) per share	(2.48)	(1.41)

The Company experienced higher winter gas curtailment during the 1st quarter of 2017 vs last year when the gas was restored in the month of February, 2016. Non-availability of gas during the quarter resulted in forced closure of the Urea plant. The main reason of the non-availability of gas has been very limited provision of gas from the northern sources due to SNGPL system constraints. However, the Company has closely worked with the GOP to restore the gas supply of its urea plant, and as a result gas supply was restored in the month of April 2017.

Overview of Fertilizer Industry

During the 1st quarter of 2017 the Production of Urea declined by 5% to 1.35 million tons over 1.42 million tons in 2016 owing to lower gas availability to the fertilizer sector versus same period last year. Urea offtakes during first quarter 2017 recorded at 870 K tons increasing by 13% vs 770 K tons in same period last year owing to better farms economics. The Company faced extended winter gas curtailment during the period under review. Gas supply to the plant was not restored during the 1st quarter, 2017 resulting in production of nil tons of urea against installed capacity of 118 K tons (31 K tons: 1 Q 2016). The Company sold 206 tons Urea from the last year carryover stocks (32 K tons: 1 Q 2016).

Continuity of subsidy on all phosphates products contributed to the offtakes increase of 32% on phosphates nutrient basis, particular increase of 35% seen in DAP offtakes. The Company, being a major SSP player, produced 14 k tons SSP in 2017 (12 K tons: 2016) and sold 5 K tons in 2017 (6 K tons: 2016).

Future Outlook

Likely continuity of subsidy on both urea and phosphates in coming season of Kharif will contribute positively to the farms economics which is likely to stabilize the fertilizer demand pattern in the country. Surplus Urea stock will still be available for the exports against the earlier approved GOP quota of 300 K tons.

Directors' Review

The Company's sustainable performance is dependent on the continuous gas supply from the domestic gas sources. Increase in LNG imports and likely additional indigenous gas from northern sources will likely to improve the overall gas availability in the SNGPL Network, benefitting the Company to ensure gas availability during balance of the year.

Capital Restructuring

Gas curtailment to the Company's Urea plant during the past five years was the major cause of non-servicing of the debt of the Company and the accumulation of mark-ups further increased its debt burden. In order to streamline this debt burden, a Capital Restructuring Plan was envisaged with the cooperation of lenders to devise a sustainable capital structure, which included the conversion of its existing long term debt including mark-ups into Preference Shares. The plan also includes sale of excess land to payoff long term lenders after seeking the necessary approvals. The infrastructure developments plans of GOP around the Company's both plants will likely to increase the value of its land. Particularly, the participation of the Company in CPEC project's section Hakla-Daudkhel-DI Khan through provision of land for the said project looks very promising and with the completion of CPEC, the surplus land of the Company has potential for commercial and industrial activities for CPEC related trades in the future.

The Rehabilitation Plan was filed through a petition in Lahore High Court in June 2016 for the enforceability of the scheme under section 284-288 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The hearings at the LHC are continued and the Company is confident to obtain decision through the court for the Rehabilitation Plan and committed to implement the plan to improve the financial position of the company.

Acknowledgement

The Board takes this opportunity to thank the company's valued customers and the financial institutions whose faith and support over the years has cultivated a mutually beneficial relationship, playing a key role in the growth of the businesses.

The Board also wishes to place on record its appreciation for the employees of the Company. The sustainability of business in the difficult business environment was possible due to their hard work and commitment.

On behalf of the Board

Lahore

Date: 28 April, 2017

Chief Executive Officer

ڈائر کیٹرزر بورٹ

ا یگری ٹیکے کمیٹٹا کے بورڈ آف ڈائر بیٹرزاور مینجنٹ ٹیم، 31 مارچ 2017 کوختم ہونے والی سہ ماہی کے غیرنظر ثانی شدہ مالیاتی حسابات کے ہمراہ اپنی سہ ماہی رپورٹ پیش کرتے ہوئےخوش ہیں۔

بیمالیاتی گوشوارے، کارپوریٹ گورننس کے کوڈ کے مطابق چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر اورایک ڈائزیکٹری طرف سے توثیق کیے گئے میں جو کہ بورڈ کی آڈٹ کمیٹی کی طرف سے سفارش کردا ہیںاور بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی طراف سے منظوری شدہ ہیں۔

كاروباري جائزه

یر شیل سرگر میاں

کمپنی کا بنیا دی کار وبار کھا دی پیداوار اورتر سیل ہے۔کمپنی ملک میں موجودتو انائی کے لھاظ سے دوسراموئز ترین کھاد کا پیانٹ چپاتی ہے جو کہ میانوالی پنجاب میں واقع ہے۔کمپنی ہری یور ہزارہ صوبہ خیبر پختونخواہ (کے پی کے) میں جی الیں الیں پی (دانے دارسنگل سپر فاسفیٹ) کی پیدادار کی سہولت بھی چلار ہی ہے۔ کمپنی کھاد کی صنعت میں قابل اعتاد برانڈ " تارا" کے تحت ان پلانٹس سے کھا دکو مارکیٹ کرتی ہے۔

سال كاجائزه

موجودہ سہ ماہی کے لئے ایگری ڈیک لمیٹڈ کے مالیاتی نتائج:

3016كارغ	311رى2017	
1,191,560,174	123,522,849	خالص فروخت
(270,373,768)	(508,203,662)	آبرِیٹنگ منافع ر(نقصان)
(567,180,921)	(499,655,965)	مالياتى لاگت
(837,554,689)	(1,007,859,627)	قبل ازئیکس منافع ر(نقصان)
(508,125,322)	(928,505,932)	بعداز ٹیکس منافع ر(نقصان)
(1.41)	(2.48)	فی خصص آمدنی ر(نقصان)

کمپنی نے گزشتہ سال کے مقالبے میں گیس کی تخفیف کا سامنا کیا ہے، جب فروری 2016 میں گیس بحال کردی گئی تھی۔ سے ماہی کے دوران گیس کی عدم دستیابی کے نتیجہ میں یوریا پلانٹ کو جبری بند کرنا بڑا۔ گیس کی عدم دستایی کی بنیادی وجیسوئی ناردرن کے سٹم کی رکاوٹوں کے باعث شالی ذرائع ہے گیس کی فراہمی تک محدود ہوجانا ہے۔ تاہم، ممپنی نے اپنے یور یا پلانٹ کوگیس کی سپلانی بحال کرنے کے لئے حکومت پاکستان سے مذاکرات کیے اور جس کے نتیجے میں اپریل 2017ء میں گیس بحال کردی گئی ہے۔

کھاد کی صنعت کا مجموعی حائزہ:

2017 کی پہلی سہ ماہی کے دوران کھا دے شعبہ کوم گیس کی دستیابی کی بدولت پوریا کی پیداوار 5 فیصد کی کے ساتھ 1.35 ملین ٹن رہی، جو کہ گزشتہ سال کی اس مدت میں 1.42 ملین ٹن تھی۔کسان کی بہتر مال حالت کی وجہ ہے،سال 2017 کی بہلی سے ماہی میں پوریا کی فروخت 8 لاکھ 70 ہزارٹن ریکارڈ کی گئی جو کیگر شتہ سال کی نسبت 7 لاکھ 70 ہزارٹن سے 13 فیصداضافی ہیں۔کمپنی کوزیر چائزہ مدت کے دوران موسم سرما میں گیس کی تخفیف کا سامنا کرنا پڑا ۔ پہلی سہ ماہی 2017 کے دوران پلانٹ کوگیس کی فراہمی بھال نہیں کی گئی جس کے نتیجہ میں 1 لاکھ 18 ہزارٹن نصب صلاحیت کے مقالبے میں صفرٹن یوریا کی پیداوار ہوئی (31 ہزارٹن : کہلی سدمانی2016) سمپنی نے گزشتہ سال کے محفوظ اشاک سے 206 ٹن پوریا فروخت کیا (32 ہزارٹن : پہلی سہ ماہی2016)۔

تمام فاشیٹس مصنوعات پرسبسٹری کے تسلسل کی دجیہ سے فاسفیٹ کی فروخت میں 32 فیصدا ضافہ واف ہوا، فروخت میں سب سے زیادہ اضافہ 35 فیصد ڈی اے بی میں دیکھا گیا۔ مینی نے،ایس ایس پی کے اہم مینوفینکچررہونے کے ناطے،2017 میں 14 ہزار ٹن ایس ایس پی (12 ہزار ٹن: 2016) پیدا کی جبکہ 2017 میں 5 ہزار ٹن (6 ہزار ٹن (2016)

ڈائز یکٹرزر پورٹ

فروخت کی ہے۔

مستقتل كانقطانظر

آنے والے خریف کےموسم میں پوریا اور فاسفیٹس دونوں پر سبسڈی کے امکان کالٹلسل زرعی معیشت میں مثبت کردارادا کرے گاجس سے ملک میں کھا دکی طلب مشحکم ہونے کا امکان ہے۔حکومت کی طرف ہے قبل ازیں منظور شدہ 3لا کھٹن کےعلاوہ بھی پوریا کا برآ مدی اضافی اسٹاک موجود ہوگا۔

کمپنی کی بائدار کارکردگی مقامی گیس ذرائع ہے مسلسل گیس کی فراہمی میخصر ہے۔اہل این جی کی درآ مداور مقامی طحر گیس کے حصول میں اضافہ ہے کمپنی کومقامی گیس کی مستقل فراہمی میں مدد ملے گی۔

سر مايه کې تنظيم نو:

گزشتہ یا نچ سال کے دوران کمپنی کے یوریا پانٹ کوگیس کی تخفیف نہصرف قرض کی واپسی میں تاخیر کی اہم دجیہے بلکے قرض اور سودمیں اضافے کا سبب بھی ہے۔اس قرض کی تنظیم نو کے لئے قرض دہندہ کے تعاون سے ایک منصوبے کومرتب کیا گیا ہے۔جس کا بنیادی مقصد قرض اوراس پرسود کورجیجی تصص میں تبدیل کرنا ہے۔اس منصوبے کا ایک اور مقصد کمپنی کے پاس موجوداضافی اراضی کا فروخت ہے جس کی آمدنی سے طویل مدتی قرض دہندہ واجبات کی ادائیگی ممکن ہوگی ۔ حکومت کے بنیادی ڈھانچے کی ترقی کے منصوبے سے دونوں پلانٹس کے گرداراضی کی قیت میں اضافے کا امکان ہے۔ خاص طور پری پیک منصوبے کے سیشن ہاکلا۔ داؤ دنیل۔ ڈی آئی خان میں کمپنی کی شرکت، بذریعہ اراضی کی فراہمی ، بہت اہم ہے۔ ی پیک کی تعمیل کے بعد کمپنی کی اضافی اراضی متنقبل میں متعاقد ٹریڈرز کے لئے تجارتی او صنعتی سرگرمیوں میں اہم کر دارا دا کرے گی۔

سر مایہ کی تنظیم نو کےاس بیان کھینیز آرڈیننس1984 کی دفعہ 284–284 کے تحت جون2016 میں لاہور ہائی کورٹ میں ایک پٹیشن کے ذریعے دائر کیا گیا۔ لاہور ہائی کورٹ میں ساعت جاری ہےاور کمپنی عدالت کے ذریعے فیصلہ اپنے حق میں حاصل کرنے کے لئے پراُمید ہے، جس سے کمپنی کی مالی یوزیشن میں بہتری آئے گی۔

اظهارتشكر

بورڈ کمپنی کے قابل قدرصارفین اور مالیاتی اداروں جن کے اعتادا ورحایت نے سال کے دوران کاروبار کی ترقی میں اہم کر دارادا کیا ہے، کی باہم مفیرتعلق داری کاشکر سادا کرتا ہے۔ بورڈ سمینی کے ملازمین کی خدمات کوبھی سراہتا ہے۔مشکل کاروباری ماحول میں کاروبار کی بائیداری ان کی محنت اورعزم کی وجہ سے ممکن ہوئی ہے۔

بورڈ آ فڈ ائر یکٹرز کی جانب ہے

Paris.

تاريخ:28ايريل2017ء

Condensed Interim Balance Sheet (Un-audited)

As at 31st March 2017

		31 March 	31 December 2016
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Authorized share Capital		15,000,000,000	15,000,000,000
Share capital and reserves			
Issued, subscribed and paid-up ordinary share capital	4	3,924,300,000	3,924,300,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up preference share capital	5	1,593,342,690	1,593,342,690
Reserves		9,000,000	9,000,000
Accumulated Losses		(11,114,870,451)	(10,200,286,153)
		(5,588,227,761)	(4,673,643,463)
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets-net		9,023,172,046	9,080,310,370
Non-current liabilities			
Redeemable capital - Secured	7	3,201,997,415	3,997,844,489
Long term finances - Secured	8	1,185,063,694	1,183,232,758
Long term payables - Unsecured		31,135,199	31,135,199
Deferred Liabilities			
staff retirement benefits		30,023,096	28,698,815
deferred taxation-net		3,479,631,159	3,560,429,299
		7,927,850,563	8,801,340,560
Current liabilities			
Current maturity of non-current liabilities		14,939,606,381	14,138,278,307
Short term borrowings -secured	9	3,637,347,930	3,410,526,346
Trade and other payables		3,591,666,330	3,467,251,716
Interest/mark-up accrued on borrowings		13,256,972,334	12,825,980,154
Preference dividend payable	6	897,768,405	854,551,711
		36,323,361,379	34,696,588,234
Contingencies and commitments	10		
		47,686,156,228	47,904,595,701
ASSETS			
Non-current assets Property, plant and equipment	11	40 524 421 670	40.760 E66.767
Intangible asset	11	40,524,431,870	40,769,566,767
Long term loans and advances - considered good		2,569,429,958	2,570,071,958
Long term deposits - unsecured, considered good		13,819,743	13,971,976
Long term deposits - dissecured, considered good		60,816,823 43,168,498,394	61,451,273 43,415,061,974
Current assets			
Stores, spares and loose tools		2 000 072 000	2 040 475 007
Stock-in-trade		2,060,972,856 410,037,601	2,049,475,897 337,248,202
Trade debts			
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		14,176,188 1,546,763,060	51,016,085 1,657,045,069
Tax refunds due from Government - net		247,341,542	
Cash and bank balances	13	247,341,542 238,366,587	247,454,816 147,293,658
	13	4,517,657,834	4,489,533,727
		47,686,156,228	47,904,595,701
		47,000,130,228	47,304,333,701

The annexed notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of this condensed interim consolidated financial information.

Lahore

Condensed Interim Profit and Loss Account (Un-audited)

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

		Three month	period ended
		31 March	31 March
		2017	2016
	Notes	Rupees	Rupees
Sales - net		123,522,849	1,191,560,174
Cost of sales		(548,839,365)	(1,251,248,068)
Gross loss		(425,316,516)	(59,687,894)
Selling and distribution expenses		(18,239,709)	(55,427,982)
Administrative and general expenses		(66,679,499)	(163,039,616)
Other operating expenses		(36,117)	(3,123,949)
Other income	14	2,068,179	10,905,673
Operating loss		(508,203,662)	(270,373,768)
Finance cost		(499,655,965)	(567,180,921)
Loss before taxation		(1,007,859,627)	(837,554,689)
Taxation		79,353,695	329,429,367
Loss after taxation		(928,505,932)	(508,125,322)
Loss per share - basic and diluted		(2.48)	(1.41)

The annexed notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of this condensed interim consolidated financial information.







Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income (Un-audited)

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

	Three month po	eriod ended
	31 March	31 March
	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
(Loss) / Profit after taxation	(928,505,932)	(508,125,322)
Other comprehensive income:		
Item thant will not be reclassified to		
profit and loss account		
Remeasurement of defined benefit liability	_	-
Related Tax	_	-
	-	-
Total comprehensive loss for the period	(928,505,932)	(508,125,322)

The annexed notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of this condensed interim consolidated financial information.





Condensed Interim Cash flow Statement (Un-audited)

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

		31 March 2017	31 March 2016
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash used in operations	16	(93,844,378)	(144,660,853)
Finance cost paid		(17,252,002)	(133,185,396)
Interest income received		149,340	927,133
Income tax paid		(2,320,275)	(20,134,296)
Staff retirement benefits paid		(805,603)	(412,565)
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from operating activities		(114,072,918)	(297,465,977)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Capital expenditure incurred		(25,523,471)	(1,853,564)
Long term loans and advances received		152,233	1,325,220
Long term deposits - net		634,450	51,940
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		3,156,113	2,234,358
Net cash inflow/(outflows) from investing activities		(21,580,675)	1,757,954
Cash flows from financing activities			
Long term loans - Repayment		(95,064)	(4,337,573)
Short term borrowings Net		13,319,669	344,463,134
Net cash inflows/(outflows) from financing activities		13,224,605	340,125,561
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(122,428,988)	44,417,538
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period		(2,347,518,945)	(2,224,753,524)
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	18	(2,469,947,933)	(2,180,335,986)

The annexed notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of this condensed interim consolidated financial information.





Lahore

Condensed Interim Statement of Changes in Equity (Un-audited)

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

	Share Capital	pital	Rese	Reserves	
	Ordinary	Preference	Revenue	Accumulated	
	Shares	Shares	reserve	Losses	Total equity
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
As at 01 January 2016	3,924,300,000	1,593,342,690	9,000,000	(7,940,977,277)	(2,414,334,587)
Total comprehensive loss for the period ended 31 March-2016		,	,	(508,125,322)	. (508,125,322)
Transfer of incremental depreciation from surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net of tax		,	,	81,287,744	81,287,744
Transaction with shareholders of the company					
Preference dividend for the period	,		,	(43,577,493)	(43,577,493)
As at March 31, 2016	3,924,300,000	1,593,342,690	9,000,000	(8,411,392,348)	(2,884,749,658)
As at 01 January 2017	3,924,300,000	1,593,342,690	9,000,000	(10,200,286,152)	(4,673,643,462)
Total comprehensive loss for the period ended 31 March-2017		1		(928,505,932)	(928,505,932)
Transfer of incremental deoreciation from surplus					

The annexed notes 1 to 23 form an integral part of this condensed interim consolidated financial information.

Chief Executive

(5,588,227,761) (43,216,693)

(11,114,870,452) (43,216,693)

9,000,000

1,593,342,690

3,924,300,000

57,138,325

57,138,325

Lahore

As at March 31, 2017

Transaction with shareholders of the company on revaluation of fixed assets - net of tax

Preference dividend for the period

1 Reporting Entity

Agritech Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on 15 December 1959 as an unlisted Public Limited Company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984) and was a wholly owned subsidiary of National Fertilizer Corporation of Pakistan (Private) Limited ("NFC"), a Government owned Corporation, until 15 July 2006. Subsequently, 100% shares of the Company were acquired by Azgard Nine Limited ("ANL") as part of privatization process of the Government of Pakistan as stipulated in the Share Purchase Agreement dated 15 July 2006. On 31 October 2012, ANL sold its major shareholding in the Company to a consortium of banks and financial institutions. The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is situated at 2nd Floor Asia Center, 8 — Babar Block, Main Boulevard, New Garden Town, Lahore. The principal business of the Company is the production and sale of Urea and Granulated Single Super Phosphate ("GSSP") fertilizer. The Company has two production units with Unit I located at Iskanderabad, District Mianwali and Unit II at Hattar Road, Haripur.

2 Basis of preparation

Basis of accounting

- 2.1.1 This condensed interim financial information comprises the condensed interim balance sheet of Agritech Limited ("the Company"), as at 31 March 2017 and the related condensed interim profit and loss account, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim cash flow statement and condensed interim statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof.
- 2.1.2 This condensed interim financial information of the Company for the Three months period ended 31 March 2017 has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 Interim Financial Reporting and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case where requirements differ, the provisions of or directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 have been followed.
- 2.1.3 This condensed interim financial information does not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the twelve months financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016.
- **2.1.4** This condensed interim financial information is being submitted to the shareholders as required by Section 245 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984.

2.2 Judgments and estimates

The preparation of condensed interim financial information requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions for the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expense. Actual results may differ from these estimates. In preparing this condensed interim financial information, the significant judgments made by the management in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the financial statements as at and for the year ended 31 December 2016.

2.3 Going concern assumption

Gas curtailment to the Company's urea plant has been the most crucial factor for the past few years' operational and liquidity issues of the Company. Fertilizer sector as a whole and the Company in particular faced unprecedented gas curtailment during the last six years. The Company has been financing its assets and operations through high level of borrowings. Due to overall gas shortage in the system, Government of Pakistan ("GOP") diverted gas from fertilizer sector to other sectors particularly power sector during summer and domestic sector during winter. This gas curtailment caused low urea production versus available capacity resulting in continuous operational and liquidity issues which further resulted in overdue borrowings and related mark-up.

Last year gas supply to the Company showed considerable improvement with the regular imports of liquefied natural gas ("LNG") by the Government of Pakistan ("GOP") improving overall gas supply in the SNGPL network benefitting fertilizer sector. The Company has incurred a loss before tax of Rs. 1,007.86 million (2016: Rs. 837.55

million) during the period ending 31 March 2017 and as at the reporting date its current liabilities have exceeded its current assets by Rs. 31,805.70 million, including Rs. 26,357.36 million relating to overdue principal and interest / mark-up thereon, and accumulated losses of the Company exceeded the shareholder's equity by Rs. 5,588.23 million. The difference between current liabilities and current assets would have been Rs.4,451.02 million, had the Company classified its long term debts as current for reasons fully explained in note 2.4 to the financial statements.

These conditions cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, it may not be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. However, the management is confident that the Company will be able to continue as a going concern based on the expectation of continuous availability of gas and restructuring of its existing over-due long-term debts and related mark-up as per the rehabilitation plan approved by the shareholders and currently filed in the Honorable Lahore High Court as per the provisions of Companies Ordinance, 1984.

The expectation of continuous availability of gas is based on the fact that the GOP has signed a 15 year agreement with Government of Qatar, to import nearly 3.75 million tons of LNG per year. The import of LNG has been streamlined at 600 mmscfd per day and GOP is planning to further increase it to 1,200 mmscfd per day through installation of second LNG terminal in the country. SNGPL is receiving almost complete flow of LNG imports under swap arrangement. Resultantly post winter gas situation in Pakistan has significantly improved. Besides this, the surplus gas from Khyber Pakhtunkhwa ("KPK") post winter is also available in the SNGPL north system. The increased gas supply will greatly benefit the Company being the bulk gas consumer in north on the SNGPL network. The Company is evaluating all possible gas supply options to operate its urea plant on sustainable basis.

With the support of its lenders, the management, for rehabilitation of the Company, has prepared a scheme of arrangement ("the Scheme") to restructure its existing over-due long term debts and related markup as of 31 December 2013 through issuance of preference shares. The scheme also envisages settlement / restructuring and repayment of that portion of over due markup that is not converted into preference shares. After the approval by the Board of directors and shareholders of the proposed scheme in their meeting held on 05 November 2013 and 10 December 2013 respectively, the said scheme was filed with Honorable Lahore High Court under the provisions of Companies Ordinance, 1984 on 10 June 2016 for necessary sanction and order. As at the reporting date, the proceeding are in progress and the order of the Lahore High Court is awaited.

In addition to above, the Company sees strong potential in selling its spare land after the necessary legal and commercial approvals. In 2016, 216 kanals Company's' land was acquired by National Highway Authority (NHA) for the construction of China Pakistan Economic Corridor (CPEC) that crosses through the land owned by the Company. With the development of CPEC in next two years, the Company foresee significant appreciation of its spare land. The proceeds from the sale of land will also help settle the long term liabilities of the Company.

The management believes that the measures as explained above will generate sufficient financial resources for the continuing operations and that it is expected to operate profitably in the foreseeable future. Accordingly, these financial statements are prepared on a going concern basis and do not include any adjustments relating to the realization of its assets and liquidation of any liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2.4 Financial liabilities

The Company could not make timely repayments of principal and interest / markup related to long term debts as referred to in note 19. Further, as at the reporting date, the Company could not comply with certain financial and other covenants imposed by the lenders. As per the agreed terms of long term debts the lenders have unconditional right to call the loans if timely repayments are not made or covenants are not complied with. International Accounting Standard on Presentation of financial statements (IAS - 1) requires that if an entity breaches a provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand, it should classify the liability as current.

However, the long term debts in the amount of Rs. 4,451.02 million as detailed below have continued to be classified as long term as per the repayment schedules in these financial statements as the management considers that event of default has not been declared by the lenders at the reporting date:

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

	Principal net of current maturity
Redeemable capital	Rupees
Privately Placed Term Finance Certificates - I	549,487,400
Privately Placed Term Finance Certificates - II	1,895,928,870
Privately Placed Term Finance Certificates - III	158,924,150
Privately Placed Term Finance Certificates	212,447,915
Sukuks	439,945,000
	3,256,733,335
Long term finances	
Syndicate Term Finance - I	1,100,000,000
Dubai Islamic Bank Limited - Term Finance	94,285,715
	1,194,285,714
	4,451,019,050

3 Significant accounting policies

Standard or interpretation

- 3.1 The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of this condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in the preparation of the financial statements for the financial year ended on 31 December 2016.
- 3.2 There were certain other new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards which became effective during the period but are considered not to be relevant or have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed.

Following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2016:

Effective date (accounting periods beginning

Standard of interpretation	on or after)
IAS 38 - Intangible Assets	01 January 2016
IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment	01 January 2016
IAS 27 - Separate Financial Statements	01 January 2016
IAS 41 - Agriculture	01 January 2016
IAS 12 - Income taxes	01 January 2017
IAS 7-Statement of Cash Flows	01 January 2017
IFRS 10 - Investment entities	01 January 2016
IFRS 11 - Accounting for acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations	01 January 2016
IFRS 2 - Share-based Payment	01 January 2018
Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycles	01 January 2016

			Un-audited	Audited
			31 March	31 December
			2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
4	Issued, subscribed and paid up ordinary share capital			
	Class A ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each 383,430,000	4.1	3,834,300,000	3,834,300,000
	(December 2016: 383,430,000) Shares issued fully paid in cash			
	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each 9,000,000 (December 2016:			
	9,000,000) Shares issued for consideration as Machinery		90,000,000	90,000,000
			3,924,300,000	3,924,300,000

4.1 As at 31 March 2017, National Bank of Pakistan, an associated undertaking holds 104,562,302 (2016: 104,562,302) representing 26.64% (2016: 26.64%) of the ordinary share capital of the Company.

		Un-audited 31 March	Audited 31 December
		2017	2016
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
ssued, subscribed and paid up preference share capital			
Drafavanas shares of Ds. 10 asah			

Preference shares of Rs. 10 each 159,334,269 (31 December 2016: 159,334,269) Shares issued fully paid in cash

5

 5.1
 1,593,342,690
 1,593,342,690

 1,593,342,690
 1,593,342,690

5.1 This represents local currency, listed, non-voting, redeemable, convertible and cumulative preference share issued at the rate of Rs. 10 per share under the agreement between the Company and various investors entered on 13 February 2012 ("Completion date") effective from 01 August 2011.

The Company shall have the option to redeem the preference shares plus any accumulated unpaid dividends in full or in part, within ninety days after the expiry of each anniversary of the issue date by giving at least thirty days notice in compliance with the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. The Company will maintain a Capital Redemption Reserve as per the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 in this regard.

Each Investor will also have the right to convert the preference shares into ordinary shares of the Company. The conversion price is the average price of the ordinary share quoted in the daily quotation of Pakistan Stock Exchange during the 360 working days prior to the relevant conversion date; adjusted for any corporate action / announcement of the Company, including but not limited to rights issue, cash dividend to ordinary shareholders, bonus shares, stock split, etc., during the last 360 working days prior to the conversion date. The investors shall be entitled to convert up to 100% of their preference shares at the conversion ratio as defined in letters of rights by giving a thirty days notice to the Company prior to any conversion date. For the purpose of this right, a conversion date shall be the last business day of each financial quarter commencing from the fifth anniversary of the Completion date.

The preference shareholders have a preferred right of dividend at the rate of 11% per annum on cumulative basis.

- 5.2 The preference shares (the shares) have been treated as part of equity on the following basis:
 - The shares were issued under the provisions of section 86 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 (the Ordinance) read with section 90 of the Ordinance and the Companies Share Capital (Variation in Rights and Privileges) Rules, 2000.
 - The financial capital of the Company and the issue of the shares were duly approved by the shareholders of the Company at the Extraordinary General Meeting held on 29 August 2011.

- Return of allotment of shares was filed under section 73(1) of the Ordinance.
- The Company is required to set-up a reserve for the redemption of Preference shares, under section 85 of the Ordinance, in respect of the shares redeemed which effectively makes Redeemable Preference shares a part of equity.
- Requirements of the Ordinance takes precedence over the requirements of International Accounting Standards.
- The preference shareholders have the right to convert these shares into Ordinary shares.

Further, the matter regarding the classification of Redeemable Preference share capital as either debt or equity instrument has been examined by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ("ICAP") as a result of which ICAP has advised the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ("SECP") to make necessary amendments to the Ordinance, and / or to issue a clarification in order to remove the inconsistency between the Ordinance and the International Accounting Standards. Pending the decision of the SECP in this matter, the preference share capital has been classified as equity in this condensed interim financial information.

6 Preference Dividend Payable

7

This represents preference dividend payable as per the terms described in note 5. Out of total preference dividend payable, Rs. 328.7 million pertains to the amount payable until 31 December 2013.

Auditad

	Un-audited	Audited
	31 March	31 December
	2017	2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Redeemable Capital - Secured		
Under interest/markup arrangement		
Term Finance Certificates - I	1,498,602,000	1,498,602,000
Term Finance Certificates - II	6,894,286,800	6,894,286,800
Term Finance Certificates - III	495,460,750	495,460,750
Privately Placed Term Finance Certificates - IV	548,825,000	548,825,000
Privately Placed Term Finance Certificates - V	618,685,000	618,685,000
Privately Placed Term Finance Certificates	509,874,996	509,874,996
Sukkuks	1,599,800,000	1,599,800,000
	12,165,534,546	12,165,534,546
Transaction costs	(54,735,920)	(60,216,920)
	12,110,798,626	12,105,317,626
Current maturity presented under current liabilities	(8,908,801,211)	(8,107,473,137)
	3,201,997,415	3,997,844,489

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

		Note	Un-audited 31 March 2017 Rupees	Audited 31 December 2016 Rupees
		Note	Киреез	паресз
8	Long term finances			
	Syndicate Term Finance - I		3,000,000,000	3,000,000,000
	Syndicate Term Finance - II		472,037,000	472,037,000
	Syndicate Term Finance - III		2,955,286,366	2,955,286,366
	Bankislami Pakistan - Term Finance		300,000,000	300,000,000
	National Bank of Pakistan - Term Finance		132,083,735	132,083,735
	Dubai Islamic Bank Limited - Term Finance		365,000,000	365,000,000
	AlBaraka Bank (Pakistan) Limited - Diminishing Musharika		3,351,936	3,447,000
		8.1	7,227,759,036	7,227,854,101
	Transaction Cost		(11,890,172)	(13,816,173)
			7,215,868,864	7,214,037,928
	Current maturity presented under current liabilities		(6,030,805,170)	(6,030,805,170)
			1,185,063,694	1,183,232,758
8.1	Types of long term finances - secured			
	Interest / mark-up based financing		6,862,759,036	6,862,854,101
	Islamic mode of financing		365,000,000	365,000,000
			7,227,759,036	7,227,854,101

9 Short term borrowings - secured

These include outstanding balance of running finance facilities (Istisna / Salam) obtained under Shariah based arrangements amounting to Rs. 561.95 million (31 December 2016: Rs. 561.95 million) having a limit of Rs. 813.73 million (31 December 2016: Rs. 563.72 million). All terms and conditions applicable on these facilities are same as those disclosed in the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2016.

10 Contingencies and commitments

10.1 Contingencies

There is no material change in the status of contingencies from the preceding published financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

10.2 Commitments

10.2.1 The amount of future ijarah rentals and the period in which these payments will become due are as follow:

	Un-audited 31 March 2017	Audited 31 December 2016
	Rupees	Rupees
Not Later than one year	42,021,702	53,190,752
Later than one year but not later than five year	9,711,519	10,582,955
	51,733,221	63,773,707

			Note	Un-audited 31 March 2017 Rupees	Audited 31 December 2016 Rupees
10.2.2	Comm	itments			
	•	ase of stores, spares and loose tools ase of plant and machinery		9,557,020 - 9,557,020	44,158,553 14,709,743 58,868,296
11	Proper	ty, plant and equipment			
	•	ing fixed assets work in progress	11.1	40,455,275,519 69,156,351 40,524,431,870	40,721,679,325 47,887,442 40,769,566,767
11.1	Operat	ing fixed assets			
	Add:	Net book value at end of the period Additions during the period	11.1.1	40,721,679,325 4,254,562	41,859,633,079 8,637,284
	Less:	Disposals during the period - net book value Depreciation for the period		7,083,648 263,574,719 270,658,367	74,205,909 1,072,385,129 1,146,591,038
	Net bo	ok value at end of the period		40,455,275,519	40,721,679,325
11.1.1		ons - cost 1 assets			
	Plant a Reside Furnitu	nd machinery ntial colony assets ure, fixtures and office equipment es and rail transport		- - 1,420,442 1,525,700	347,161 - 4,827,723 3,462,400
	Tools a	and other equipment cal and other installations		1,308,420 - - 4,254,562	- - - 8,637,284

12 Stock-in-trade

Aggregate stocks with a cost of Rs. Nil (31 December 2016: Rs. Nil million) are being valued at net realizable value of Rs. Nil (31 December 2016: Rs. Nil million).

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

		Note	Un-audited 31 March 2017 Rupees	Audited 31 December 2016 Rupees
13	Cash and bank balances			
	Cash in hand		556,094	997,634
	Cash at banks - current accounts		224,410,361	130,216,762
	- savings accounts	13.1	13,400,132	16,079,263
			237,810,493	146,296,024
			238,366,587	147,293,658
13.1	Rate of return on saving accounts ranges from $4.00\%\ to\ 5.$ annum).	50% per ann	um (31 December 2016: 4	4.00% to 5.50% per
			Un-audited	Audited
			31 March	31 December
			2017	2016
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
14	Other Income			
	Income from financial assets			
	Return on bank deposits	13.1	149,340	927,133
	Income from non-financial assets		149,340	927,133
	Sale of scrap		1,918,839	9,978,540
			1,918,839	9,978,540
			2,068,179	10,905,673
15	Transactions and balances with related parties Related parties from the Company's perspective compris (comprising the Chief Executive and Directors), post en Company in the normal course of business carries out tran related parties have been carried out on commercial terms	nployment be sactions with	enefit plans and other re various related parties. A	elated parties. The
	Detail of transactions and balances with related parties are	e as follows:		
			(Un-audited) January to 31 March 2017	(Un-audited) January to 31 March 2016
15.1	Transactions with related parties		Rupees	Rupees
15.1.1	Associate			
	National Bank of Pakistan			
	Markup expense Preference dividend Advisory Fee Bank Balances - net		59,953,571 938,128 - (10,950,921)	63,281,218 945,960 90,000,000 4,878,007

		(Un-audited) January to 31 March 2017 Rupees	(Un-audited) January to 31 March 2016 Rupees
15.1.2	Other related	·	·
	Faysal Bank Limited		
	Mark up Expense Preference dividend Bank Balances - net	37,022,784 8,394,874 363	39,418,140 8,488,150 125
	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited		
	Mark-up expense Bank balances - net	29,841,874 (37,032,812)	32,347,310 (9,096,650)
	Silk Bank limited		
	Mark-up expense Markup paid Short term borrowings - net Bank balances - net	12,322,314 9,616,653 - -	11,888,142 6,744,753 (9,982,760) (153,000,000)
	Summit Bank Limited		
	Mark-up expense Markup paid Short term borrowings - net Bank Balances - net	15,185,128 - 8,037,835 -	23,638,689 20,898,397 321,584,409 (125,000,000)
15.1.3	Post employment benefit plans		
	Contribution to employees provident fund Contribution to employees gratuity fund	4,612,793 2,129,884	3,905,322 1,635,628
15.1.4	Key management personnel		
	Short term employees benefits Post employment benefits	2,400,000 137,445	3,972,400 45,815
15.2	Balances with related parties	Un-audited 31 March 2017	Audited 31 December 2016
15.2.1	Associate	Rupees	Rupees
	National Bank of Pakistan		
	Long term loans Redeemable capital Bills payable Preference shares Mark-up payable Preference dividend payable Bank accounts Advisory and other fee Advance for transaction Cost	2,467,083,735 462,057,100 187,030,000 34,587,560 2,204,297,929 171,895,944 3,394,170 738,600,000 23,200,000	2,467,083,735 462,057,100 187,030,000 34,587,560 2,144,344,358 170,957,816 14,345,091 738,600,000 23,200,000

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

		Un-audited	Audited
		31 March	31 December
		2017	2016
		Rupees	Rupees
15.2.2	Other related		
	Faysal Bank		
	Redeemable capital	1,499,109,500	1,499,109,500
	Long term loan	350,000,000	350,000,000
	Preference shares	310,355,940	310,355,940
	Mark up payable	1,199,686,916	1,162,664,131
	Preference dividend payable	174,881,704	166,486,830
	Bank accounts	159,112	158,749
	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited		
	Redeemable capital	146,995,500	146,995,500
	Long term finances	1,445,302,020	1,445,302,020
	Mark-up payable	1,017,437,890	987,596,016
	Bank accounts	39,831,484	76,864,296
	Silk Bank		
	Long term loans	130,607,546	130,607,546
	Short term borrowings	549,770,150	549,761,612
	Mark up payable	186,592,318	183,886,656
	Summit Bank Limited		
	Redeemable capital	603,406,000	603,406,000
	Short term borrowings	461,433,412	453,395,577
	Mark up payable	294,539,508	279,354,380
	Bank accounts	97,564	97,564
15.2.3	Post employment		
	Payable to gratuity trust	30,023,096	28,698,815

Audited

Un-audited

		Un-audited	Audited
		31 March	31 December
		2017	2016
		Rupees	Rupees
16	Cash flow from operating activities		
	Profit & (Loss) before tax	(1,007,859,627)	(837,554,689)
	Adjustment for non-cash items:		
	Interest / markup expense	492,248,965	550,557,921
	Amortization of transaction costs	7,407,000	16,623,000
	Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	263,574,719	268,913,837
	Amortization of computer software	642,000	2,712,000
	Provision for staff retirement benefit	2,129,884	1,635,628
	Mark-up / Interest Income	(149,340)	(927,133)
	Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	3,927,535	6,353,564
	Operating profit / (loss) before changes in working capital	(238,078,864)	8,314,127
	Changes in working capital		
	(Increase) / decrease in current assets:		
	Stores, spares and loose tools	(11,496,959)	13,740,265
	Stock in trade	(72,789,399)	(13,314,357)
	Trade receivables	36,839,897	52,226,850
	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	110,282,011	(143,721,054)
		62,835,550	(91,068,296)
	Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities		
	Trade and other payables	81,398,936	(61,906,684)
	Cash used in operations	(93,844,378)	(144,660,853)

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

The Company's reportable segments are as follows: Reportable segments 17.1

Segment reporting

 $Urea fertilizer segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from natural gas and all the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from natural gas and the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from natural gas and the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and ammonia from the segment \hbox{--} production of Urea fertilizer and Urea fertiliz$

Phosphate fertilizer segment - production of Phosphate fertilizer from rock Phosphate

Information regarding the Company's reportable segments is presented below:

Segment revenue and results 17.2

Following is the information about reportable segments of the Company:

	Urea fertiliz	Urea fertilizers segment	Phosphate fer	Phosphate fertilizers segment	겉	Total
	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March	31 March
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Un-audited	Un-audited	Un-audited	Un-audited	Un-audited	Un-audited
	Rupees 'mIn'	Rupees 'mln'	Rupees 'min'	Rupees 'mln'	Rupees 'min'	Rupees 'mln'
For the three months period ended 31 March 2017						
External revenues	29	1,074	9	117	124	1,192
Inter-segment revenue	•		•	•	•	•
Reportable segment Profit/(Loss) before tax	(886)	(838)	(20)	0	(1,008)	(838)
	Urea fertiliz	Urea fertilizers segment	Phosphate feri	Phosphate fertilizers segment	7	Total
	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December	31 March	31 December
	2017	2016	2017	2016	2017	2016
	Un-audited	Audited	Un-audited	Audited	Un-audited	Audited
	Rupees 'mIn'	Rupees 'mln'	Rupees 'mln'	Rupees 'mln'	Rupees 'min'	Rupees 'mln'
As at						
Reportable segment assets	43,550	43,808	4,709	4,740	48,258	48,548
Reportable segment liabilities	44.274	43.581	550	260	44.824	44.142

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

		(Un-audited)	(Un-audited)
		31 March	31 March
		2017	2016
		Rupees	Rupees
17.3	Reconciliation of reportable segment profitable segment profit and loss		
	For the three months ended		
	Total loss for reportable segments before taxation	(1,007,859,627)	(837,554,689)
	Taxation	79,353,695	329,429,367
	Loss after taxation	(928,505,932)	(508,125,322)
18	Cash and cash equivalents		
	Short term borrowings - running finance - secured	(2,708,314,520)	(2,695,625,617)
	Cash and bank balances	238,366,587	515,289,631
		(2,469,947,933)	(2,180,335,986)

19 Overdue financial liabilities

Due to the facts disclosed in note 2.3, the Company continues to face a liquidity shortfall due to which it was unable to meet its obligations in respect of various debt finances. The details of overdue financial liabilities as at 31 March 2017 are as follows:

	Principal Rupees	Interest / mark up Rupees	Total Rupees
Nature of Liability			
Redeemable capital	6,901,015,298	7,104,553,484	14,005,568,782
Long term finances	5,355,261,686	4,856,842,539	10,212,104,225
Short term borrowings	1,275,106,685	864,584,131	2,139,690,816
-	13,531,383,669	12,825,980,154	26,357,363,823

20 Fair Value of Financial Assets and Liabilities

The carrying amount of redeemable capital and long term finance equal their fair values and are determined using the valuating model that considers the present value of expected further cash flows discounted using a market rate of interest as the input is unabsorbale market data it is classified under level 2.

In case of other financial assets and financial liabilities that are expected to be settled with in one year carrying amount are a reasonable approximation of the fair values.

There is no change in the nature and corresponding hierarchies of fair valuation levels of financial instruments for those as disclosed in the audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2016.

21 Financial Risk Management

The Company's financial risk management objective and policies are consistent with the disclosed in the financial statement for the financial year ended on 31 December 2016.

22 Date of authorization

This interim financial information was authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 28, 2017.

For the three month period ended 31st March 2017

- 23 General
- 23.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees.



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